

VIRTUS DUFF & PHELPS REAL ESTATE SECURITIES SERIES
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited)
MARCH 31, 2023

(\$ reported in thousands)

	Shares	Value		Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS—98.7%					
Real Estate Investment Trusts—98.7%					
Data Centers—9.0%					
Equinix, Inc.	10,617	\$ 7,655			
Health Care—11.6%					
Healthpeak Properties, Inc.	100,090	2,199			
Ventas, Inc.	82,600	3,581			
Welltower, Inc.	56,690	4,064			
		9,844			
Industrial/Office—21.9%					
Industrial—17.7%					
Prologis, Inc.	91,726	11,445			
Rexford Industrial Realty, Inc.	60,725	3,622			
		15,067			
Office—4.2%					
Alexandria Real Estate Equities, Inc.	12,143	1,525			
Cousins Properties, Inc.	78,300	1,674			
Douglas Emmett, Inc.	33,290	411			
		3,610			
Total Industrial/Office		18,677			
Lodging/Resorts—2.1%					
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.	47,044	776			
Ryman Hospitality Properties, Inc.	11,752	1,054			
		1,830			
Residential—21.5%					
Apartments—12.7%					
Apartment Income REIT Corp.	72,553	2,598			
AvalonBay Communities, Inc.	13,829	2,324			
Mid-America Apartment Communities, Inc.	21,850	3,300			
UDR, Inc.	62,310	2,559			
		10,781			
Manufactured Homes—4.7%					
Sun Communities, Inc.	28,191	3,971			
Single Family Homes—4.1%					
American Homes 4 Rent Class A	95,500	3,004			
Invitation Homes, Inc.	16,950	529			
		3,533			
Total Residential		18,285			
Retail—12.2%					
Free Standing—4.5%					
Realty Income Corp.			61,105	\$ 3,869	
Regional Malls—2.0%					
Simon Property Group, Inc.			14,941	1,673	
Shopping Centers—5.7%					
Brixmor Property Group, Inc.			100,392	2,160	
Kimco Realty Corp.			22,770	445	
Regency Centers Corp.			36,000	2,203	
				4,808	
Total Retail				10,350	
Self Storage—11.6%					
CubeSmart			76,200	3,522	
Extra Space Storage, Inc.			13,621	2,219	
Public Storage			13,610	4,112	
				9,853	
Specialty—8.8%					
American Tower Corp.			11,310	2,311	
SBA Communications Corp. Class A			4,950	1,292	
VICI Properties, Inc. Class A			119,937	3,913	
				7,516	
TOTAL COMMON STOCKS					
(Identified Cost \$65,843)					84,010
TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS—98.7%					
(Identified Cost \$65,843)					84,010
TOTAL INVESTMENTS—98.7%					
(Identified Cost \$65,843)					\$84,010
Other assets and liabilities, net—1.3%					1,098
NET ASSETS—100.0%					\$85,108
Abbreviation:					
REIT Real Estate Investment Trust					

See Notes to Schedule of Investments

VIRTUS DUFF & PHELPS REAL ESTATE SECURITIES SERIES
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)
MARCH 31, 2023

(\$ reported in thousands)

The following table summarizes the value of the Series' investments as of March 31, 2023, based on the inputs used to value them (See Security Valuation Note 1 in the Notes to Schedule of Investments):

	<u>Total Value at March 31, 2023</u>	<u>Level 1 Quoted Prices</u>
Assets:		
Equity Securities:		
Common Stocks	<u>\$84,010</u>	<u>\$84,010</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$84,010</u>	<u>\$84,010</u>

There were no securities valued using significant observable inputs (Level 2) or significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) at March 31, 2023.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 related to securities held at March 31, 2023.

See Notes to Schedule of Investments

VIRTUS DUFF & PHELPS REAL ESTATE SECURITIES SERIES
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited)
MARCH 31, 2023

Note 1. Security Valuation

The Series utilizes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The Series' policy is to recognize transfers into or out of Level 3 at the end of the reporting period.

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical securities (security types generally include listed equities).
- Level 2 – prices determined using other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.).
- Level 3 – prices determined using significant unobservable inputs (including the Adviser's Valuation Committee's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

A description of the valuation techniques applied to the Series' major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

Equity securities are valued at the official closing price (typically last sale) on the exchange on which the securities are primarily traded or, if no closing price is available, at the last bid price and are categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy. Illiquid, restricted equity securities and illiquid private placements are internally fair valued by the Adviser's Valuation Committee, and are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy.

Certain non-U.S. securities may be fair valued in cases where closing prices are not readily available or are deemed not reflective of readily available market prices. For example, significant events (such as movement in the U.S. securities market, or other regional and local developments) may occur between the time that non-U.S. markets close (where the security is principally traded) and the time that the Series calculates its net asset value ("NAV") at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4 p.m. Eastern time) that may impact the value of securities traded in these non-U.S. markets. In such cases, the Series fair values non-U.S. securities using an independent pricing service which considers the correlation of the trading patterns of the non-U.S. security to the intraday trading in the U.S. markets for investments such as American Depositary Receipts, financial futures, Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs"), and certain indexes, as well as prices for similar securities. Such fair valuations are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Because the frequency of significant events is not predictable, fair valuation of certain non-U.S. common stocks may occur on a frequent basis.

Debt instruments, including convertible bonds, and restricted securities, are valued based on evaluated quotations received from independent pricing services or from dealers who make markets in such securities. For most bond types, the pricing service utilizes matrix pricing that considers one or more of the following factors: yield or price of bonds of comparable quality, coupon, maturity, current cash flows, type, activity of the underlying equities, and current day trade information, as well as dealer supplied prices. These valuations are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Structured debt instruments, such as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may also incorporate collateral analysis and utilize cash flow models for valuation and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Pricing services do not provide pricing for all securities and therefore indicative bids from dealers are utilized which are based on pricing models used by market makers in the security and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Debt instruments that are internally fair valued by the Adviser's Valuation Committee are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy.

Listed derivatives, such as options, that are actively traded are valued at the last posted settlement price from the exchange where they are principally traded and are categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy. Over-the-counter derivative contracts, which include forward currency contracts and equity-linked instruments, do not require material subjectivity as pricing inputs are observed from actively quoted markets and are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy.

Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at NAV. Investments in closed-end funds and ETFs are valued as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE each business day. Each is categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy.

A summary of the inputs used to value the Series' net assets by each major security type is disclosed at the end of the Schedule of Investments for the Series. The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.