## VIRTUS DUFF & PHELPS GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2023

(\$ reported in thousands)

	Shares	Value		Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS—99.3%					
Communication Services—2.1%			Utilities—continued	69.204	ф о <u>г</u> оо
Cellnex Telecom S.A. (Spain)	75.461	\$ 2,970	Emera, Inc. (Canada) Entergy Corp. (United States)	68,304 20.757	\$ 2,593 2.100
odinica folocom o.a. (opam)	70,401	Ψ 2,570	Essential Utilities, Inc. (United States)	56,591	2,100
Energy—13.9%			Eversource Energy (United States)	46,512	2,114
Cheniere Energy, Inc. (United States)	36.753	6.274	Iberdrola S.A. (Spain)	194.741	2.552
DT Midstream, Inc. (United States)	22,954	1,258	National Grid plc (United Kingdom)	352,604	4,755
Enbridge, Inc. (Canada)	94,828	3,416	NextEra Energy, Inc. (United States)	84,021	5.104
Koninklijke Vopak N.V. (Netherlands)	52,685	1.770	NiSource, Inc. (United States)	121,257	3,219
Pembina Pipeline Corp. (Canada)	62,656	2,157	Public Service Enterprise Group, Inc. (United States)	34,048	2,082
Targa Resources Corp. (United States)	33.771	2.934	Sempra (United States)	70.761	5,288
Williams Cos., Inc. (The) (United States)	64,566	2,334	Severn Trent plc (United Kingdom)	70,430	2,315
williams oos., me. (me) (omed otates)	04,500		Southern Co. (The) (United States)	57.926	4.062
		20,058	United Utilities Group plc (United Kingdom)	113,504	1,533
			Xcel Energy, Inc. (United States)	55,683	3,447
Industrials—28.4%				,	66,169
Aena SME S.A. (Spain)	35,712	6,470			00,109
Aeroports de Paris S.Á. (France)	16,595	2,147	TOTAL COMMON STOCKS		
Atlas Arteria Ltd. (Australia)	936,190	3,687	(Identified Cost \$135,548)		143,388
Auckland International Airport Ltd. (New Zealand)	696,485	3,875	(1401111104 0001 \$100,0 10)		1 10,000
Canadian Pacific Kansas City Ltd. (Canada)	33,405	2,641	TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS—99.3%		
Ferrovial SE (Netherlands)	59,318	2,162	(Identified Cost \$135,548)		143,388
Flughafen Zurich AG Registered Shares (Switzerland)	10,522	2,197	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Norfolk Southern Corp. (United States)	15,204	3,594			
Transurban Group (Australia)	915,480	8,553	TOTAL INVESTMENTS—99.3%		****
Union Pacific Corp. (United States)	14,990	3,682	(Identified Cost \$135,548)		\$143,388
Vinci S.A. (France)	16,335	2,050	Other assets and liabilities, net—0.7%		1,041
		41,058	NET ASSETS—100.0%		\$144,429
Real Estate—9.1%					
American Tower Corp. (United States)	38.757	8,367			
Crown Castle, Inc. (United States)	41,377	4,766	Country Weightings <sup>†</sup>		
,	,	13,133	United States		57%
		13,133	Australia		10
			Spain		8
Utilities—45.8%			Canada		7
Ameren Corp. (United States)	38,883	2,813	United Kingdom		6
APA Group (Australia)	270,691	1,575	France		3 3
Atmos Energy Corp. (United States)	26,207	3,037	Netherlands		
CenterPoint Energy, Inc. (United States)	146,750	4,193	Other		6
CMS Energy Corp. (United States)	46,043	2,674	Total		100%
DTE Energy Co. (United States)	22,922	2,527			10070
Edison International (United States)	40,830	2,919	†% of total investments as of December 31, 2023.		
EDP - Energias de Portugal S.A. (Portugal)	476,458	2,396			

The following table summarizes the value of the Fund's investments as of December 31, 2023, based on the inputs used to value them (See Security Valuation Note 1 in the Notes to Schedule of Investments):

	Total Value at December 31, 2023	Level 1 Quoted Prices
Assets: Equity Securities: Common Stocks	\$143,388	\$143,388
Total Investments	\$143,388	\$143,388

There were no securities valued using significant observable inputs (Level 2) or significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) at December 31, 2023.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 related to securities held at December 31, 2023.

## VIRTUS DUFF & PHELPS GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2023

## Note 1. Security Valuation

The Fund's Board of Trustees has designated the investment adviser as the valuation designee to perform fair valuations pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Fund utilizes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers into or out of Level 3 at the end of the reporting period.

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities (security types generally include listed equities).
- Level 2 prices determined using other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.).
- Level 3 prices determined using significant unobservable inputs (including the investment adviser's Valuation Committee's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

A description of the valuation techniques applied to the Fund's major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

Equity securities are valued at the official closing price (typically last sale) on the exchange on which the securities are primarily traded or, if no closing price is available, at the last bid price and are categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy. Illiquid, restricted equity securities and illiquid private placements are internally fair valued by the investment adviser's Valuation Committee, and are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy.

Certain non-U.S. securities may be fair valued in cases where closing prices are not readily available or are deemed not reflective of readily available market prices. For example, significant events (such as movement in the U.S. securities market, or other regional and local developments) may occur between the time that non-U.S. markets close (where the security is principally traded) and the time that the Fund calculates its net asset value ("NAV") at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4 p.m. Eastern time) that may impact the value of securities traded in these non-U.S. markets. In such cases, the Fund fair values non-U.S. securities using an independent pricing service which considers the correlation of the trading patterns of the non-U.S. security to the intraday trading in the U.S. markets for investments such as American Depositary Receipts, financial futures, Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs"), and certain indexes, as well as prices for similar securities. Such fair valuations are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Because the frequency of significant events is not predictable, fair valuation of certain non-U.S. common stocks may occur on a frequent basis.

Debt instruments, including convertible bonds, and restricted securities, are valued based on evaluated quotations received from independent pricing services or from dealers who make markets in such securities. For most bond types, the pricing service utilizes matrix pricing that considers one or more of the following factors: yield or price of bonds of comparable quality, coupon, maturity, current cash flows, type, activity of the underlying equities, and current day trade information, as well as dealer supplied prices. These valuations are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Structured debt instruments, such as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may also incorporate collateral analysis and utilize cash flow models for valuation and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Pricing services do not provide pricing for all securities and therefore indicative bids from dealers are utilized which are based on pricing models used by market makers in the security and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Debt instruments that are internally fair valued by the investment adviser's Valuation Committee are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy.

Listed derivatives, such as options and futures, that are actively traded are valued at the last posted settlement price from the exchange where they are principally traded and are categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy. Over-the-counter derivative contracts, which include forward currency contracts and equity-linked instruments, do not require material subjectivity as pricing inputs are observed from actively quoted markets and are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy.

Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at NAV. Investments in closed-end funds and ETFs are valued as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE each business day. Each is categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy.

A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's net assets by each major security type is disclosed at the end of the Schedule of Investments for the Fund. The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.