VIRTUS KAR CAPITAL GROWTH FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2023

(\$ reported in thousands)

(\$ reported in thousands)	Shares	Value		Shares	Value
COMMON STOCKS—99.5%					
Communication Services—3.1%			Industrials—10.5% Equifax, Inc.	42,548	\$ 10,012
Trade Desk, Inc. (The) Class A ⁽¹⁾	222,677	\$ 17,195	Fair Isaac Corp. (1)	17,343	14.034
. ,			Paycom Software, Inc.	67,170	21,578
Consumer Discretionary—18.9%			Uber Technologies, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	281,426	12,149
Airbnb, Inc. Class A ⁽¹⁾	82,061	10,517			57,773
Amazon.com, Inc. ⁽¹⁾ AutoZone, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	216,316 3,421	28,199 8,530			
Home Depot, Inc. (The)	30.775	9.560	Information Technology—29.3%		
Marriott International, Inc. Class A	77,820	14,295	Accenture plc Class A	38,725	11,950
MercadoLibre, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	7,272	8,614	Amphenol Corp. Class A BILL Holdings, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	242,693 100.987	20,617 11,800
NIKE, Inc. Class B	132,818	14,659	Cadence Design Systems, Inc. (1)	23,928	5,612
Ross Stores, Inc.	86,089	9,653	MongoDB, Inc. Class A ⁽¹⁾	37,982	15,610
		104,027	NVIDIA Corp.	121,893	51,563
			Roper Technologies, Inc.	26,944	12,955
Consumer Staples—6.0%			Shopify, Inc. Class A ⁽¹⁾	85,156	5,501
Estee Lauder Cos., Inc. (The) Class A McCormick & Co., Inc. Non-voting Shares	39,736	7,803	Snowflake, Inc. Class A ⁽¹⁾ Workday, Inc. Class A ⁽¹⁾	59,044 69,154	10,390 15,621
Monster Beverage Corp. ⁽¹⁾	98,773 210.161	8,616 12.072	Workudy, IIIC. Glass A	09,104	
PepsiCo, Inc.	25,176	4,663			161,619
	,	33,154			
			Materials—1.9%	E / E 7 2	10 100
Energy—3.3%			Ecolab, Inc.	54,573	10,188
Devon Energy Corp.	63,816	3.085	Real Estate—3.9%		
Hess Corp.	39,684	5,395	CoStar Group, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	164,995	14,685
Pioneer Natural Resources Co.	26,466	5,483	Prologis, Inc.	54,409	6,672
Schlumberger N.V.	83,924	4,123			21,357
		18,086			
			TOTAL COMMON STOCKS		F40,400
Financials—12.5%			(Identified Cost \$248,743)		548,432
Bank of America Corp.	162,708	4,668	TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS-99.5%		
Block, Inc. Class A ⁽¹⁾ MarketAxess Holdings, Inc.	117,248 12,575	7,805 3,287	(Identified Cost \$248,743)		548,432
Progressive Corp. (The)	88.154	11,669			
S&P Global, Inc.	21,388	8,574	TOTAL INVESTMENTS—99.5%		
Visa, Inc. Class A	139,635	33,161	(Identified Cost \$248,743)		\$548,432
		69,164	Other assets and liabilities, net—0.5%		2,773
			NET ASSETS—100.0%		\$551,20 5
Health Care—10.1%			NET 1100E10 100.070		Ψ001,200
Danaher Corp.	46,991	11,278	Abbreviation:		
Eli Lilly & Co.	24,202	11,350	S&P Standard & Poor's		
HealthEquity, Inc. ⁽¹⁾ IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	66,127 11,792	4,175 5,922	Fastuata Laurado		
Mettler-Toledo International, Inc. (1)	3,939	5,922 5,167	Footnote Legend:		
Zoetis, Inc. Class A	104,389	17,977	(1) Non-income producing.		
	,	55,869			

VIRTUS KAR CAPITAL GROWTH FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued) JUNE 30, 2023

(\$ reported in thousands)

The following table summarizes the value of the Fund's investments as of June 30, 2023, based on the inputs used to value them (See Security Valuation Note 1 in the Notes to Schedule of Investments):

	Total Value at June 30, 2023	Level 1 Quoted Prices
Assets:		
Equity Securities:		
Common Stocks	\$548,432	\$548,432
Total Investments	\$548,432	\$548,432

There were no securities valued using significant observable inputs (Level 2) or significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) at June 30, 2023.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 related to securities held at June 30, 2023.

VIRTUS KAR CAPITAL GROWTH FUND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1. Security Valuation

The Trustees have designated the Investment Adviser as the valuation designee to perform fair valuations pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Fund utilizes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers into or out of Level 3 at the end of the reporting period.

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities (security types generally include listed equities).
- Level 2 prices determined using other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.).
- Level 3 prices determined using significant unobservable inputs (including the Investment Adviser's Valuation Committee's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

A description of the valuation techniques applied to the Fund's major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

Equity securities are valued at the official closing price (typically last sale) on the exchange on which the securities are primarily traded or, if no closing price is available, at the last bid price and are categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy. Illiquid, restricted equity securities and illiquid private placements are internally fair valued by the Investment Adviser's Valuation Committee, and are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy.

Certain non-U.S. securities may be fair valued in cases where closing prices are not readily available or are deemed not reflective of readily available market prices. For example, significant events (such as movement in the U.S. securities market, or other regional and local developments) may occur between the time that non-U.S. markets close (where the security is principally traded) and the time that the Fund calculates its net asset value ("NAV") at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4 p.m. Eastern time) that may impact the value of securities traded in these non-U.S. markets. In such cases, the Fund fair values non-U.S. securities using an independent pricing service which considers the correlation of the trading patterns of the non-U.S. security to the intraday trading in the U.S. markets for investments such as American Depositary Receipts, financial futures, Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs"), and certain indexes, as well as prices for similar securities. Such fair valuations are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Because the frequency of significant events is not predictable, fair valuation of certain non-U.S. common stocks may occur on a frequent basis.

Debt instruments, including convertible bonds, and restricted securities, are valued based on evaluated quotations received from independent pricing services or from dealers who make markets in such securities. For most bond types, the pricing service utilizes matrix pricing that considers one or more of the following factors: yield or price of bonds of comparable quality, coupon, maturity, current cash flows, type, activity of the underlying equities, and current day trade information, as well as dealer supplied prices. These valuations are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Structured debt instruments, such as mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may also incorporate collateral analysis and utilize cash flow models for valuation and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Pricing services do not provide pricing for all securities and therefore indicative bids from dealers are utilized which are based on pricing models used by market makers in the security and are generally categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy. Debt instruments that are internally fair valued by the Investment Adviser's Valuation Committee are generally categorized as Level 3 in the hierarchy.

Listed derivatives, such as options, that are actively traded are valued at the last posted settlement price from the exchange where they are principally traded and are categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy. Over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative contracts, which include forward currency contracts and equity-linked instruments, do not require material subjectivity as pricing inputs are observed from actively quoted markets and are categorized as Level 2 in the hierarchy.

Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at NAV. Investments in closed-end funds and ETFs are valued as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE each business day. Each is categorized as Level 1 in the hierarchy.

A summary of the inputs used to value the Fund's net assets by each major security type is disclosed at the end of the Schedule of Investments for the Fund. The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.