

1K 40% of your “U.S.” exposure is from overseas markets.

Economic globalization has accelerated over the years. Take the classic proxy for the U.S. market: the S&P 500®. These biggest “American” companies actually now earn a good portion of their business abroad. For some companies, it’s *most* of their revenues.

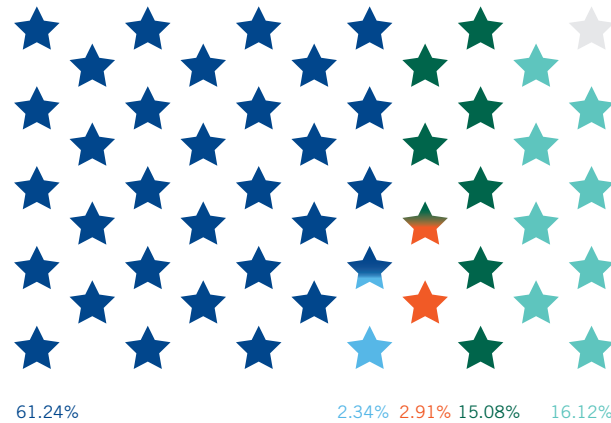
The question nowadays isn’t *whether* you should “go global” but—given that it’s unavoidable—*how* you choose to assemble your overseas exposure. **Do you take what the index gives you or make a more deliberate global allocation?**

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S&P 500® REVENUE SOURCES

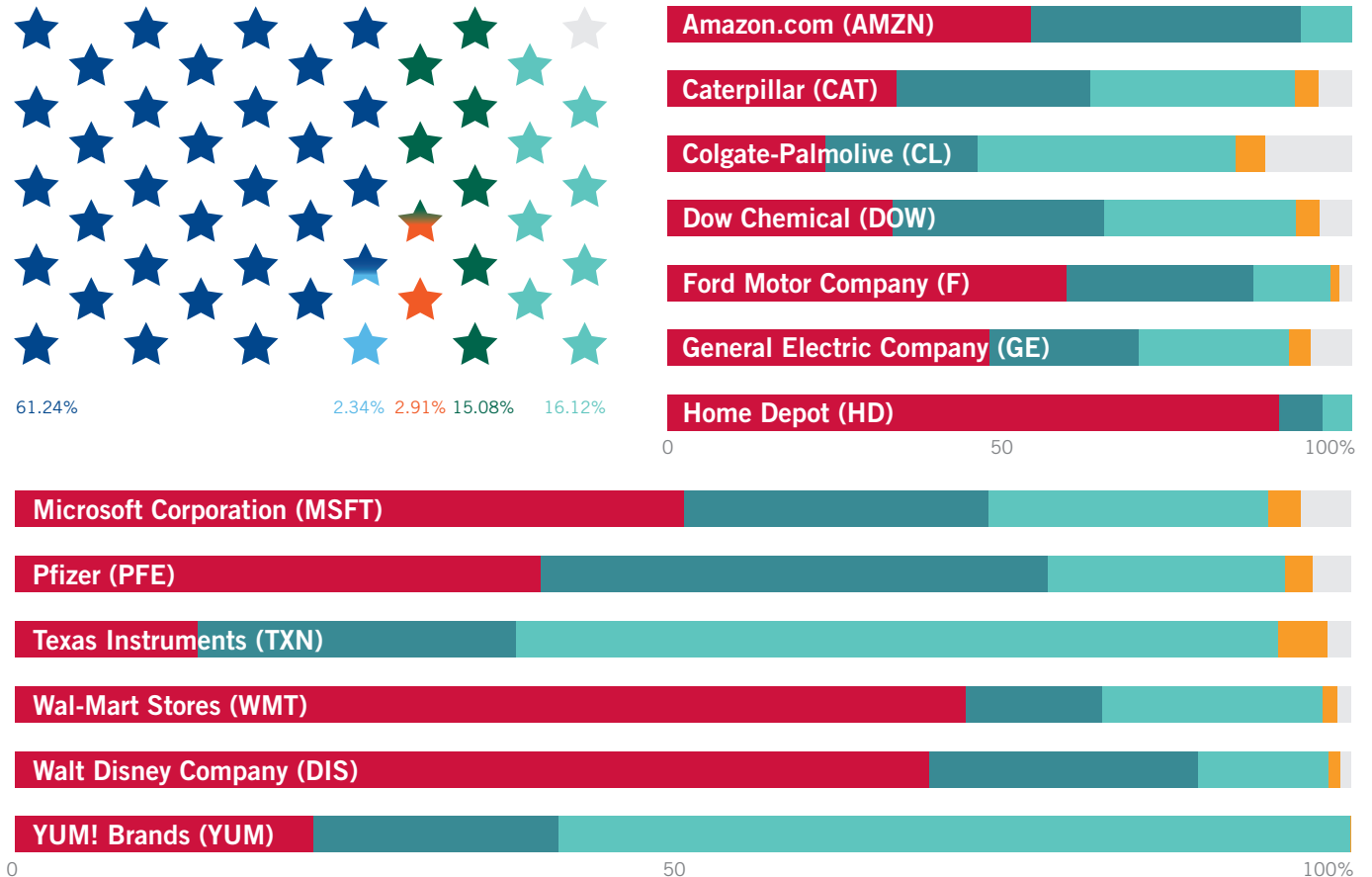
ALL COMPANIES¹

U.S. | Canada | Japan | Europe | Emerging Markets



SELECT COMPANIES

U.S. | Developed Excl. U.S. | Emerging | Frontier | Data Unavailable



¹Total does not equal 100% because revenue source data from some companies is incomplete.
 Source: FactSet. Companies shown are for illustrative purposes only and are not representative of any Virtus strategy.
 The S&P 500® Index is a free-float market-capitalization weighted index of 500 of the largest U.S. companies. The index is calculated on a total return basis with dividends reinvested. The index is unmanaged, its returns do not reflect any fees, expenses, or sales charges, and it is not available for direct investment.
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